Phone :+33 0555068787 - Fax :+33 0555068888
DPX ${ }^{3} 630$ electronic circuit breakers

## Reference(s) :

from 422056 to 4220 95;
from 422096 to 4221 35;
from 422136 to 4221 75;
from 422176 to 4222 15;
from 422498 to 4225 37;
PAGES
CONTENTS

1. USE
2. RANGE
3. DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS
4. OVERVIEW
5. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS
6. ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL
CHARACTERISTICS

## 1. USE

$\mathrm{DPX}^{3}$ platform, for premium segment, is able to cover extended ranges in terms of breaking capacities and rated currents, make protection suitable for different levels of power involved in installations.

DPX ${ }^{3}$ platform provide easy assembly procedures during the phase of installation and mounting of accessories, suitable for professional use.

## 2. RANGE

|  | S1 |  | S2 |  | S2 + measure |  | Sg |  | Sg + measure |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 36kA |  | 36kA |  | 36kA |  | 36kA |  | 36kA |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}(\mathrm{A})$ | 3 P | 4P | 3 P | 4P | 3 P | 4P | 3 P | 4P | 3 P | 4P |
| 250 | 422498 | 422503 | 422056 | 422061 | 422096 | 422101 | 422136 | 422141 | 422176 | 422181 |
| 320 | 422499 | 422504 | 422057 | 422062 | 422097 | 422102 | 422137 | 422142 | 422177 | 422182 |
| 400 | 422500 | 422505 | 422058 | 422063 | 422098 | 422103 | 422138 | 422143 | 422178 | 422183 |
| 500 | 422501 | 422506 | 422059 | 422064 | 422099 | 422104 | 422139 | 422144 | 422179 | 422184 |
| 630 | 422502 | 422507 | 422060 | 422065 | 422100 | 422105 | 422140 | 422145 | 422180 | 422185 |
|  | 50kA |  | 50kA |  | 50kA |  | 50kA |  | 50kA |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}(\mathrm{A})$ | 3P | 4P | 3 P | 4P | 3P | 4P | 3P | 4P | 3P | 4P |
| 250 | 422508 | 422513 | 422066 | 422071 | 422106 | 422111 | 422146 | 422151 | 422186 | 422191 |
| 320 | 422509 | 422514 | 422067 | 422072 | 422107 | 422112 | 422147 | 422152 | 422187 | 422192 |
| 400 | 422510 | 422515 | 422068 | 422073 | 422108 | 422113 | 422148 | 422153 | 422188 | 422193 |
| 500 | 422511 | 422516 | 422069 | 422074 | 422109 | 422114 | 422149 | 422154 | 422189 | 422194 |
| 630 | 422512 | 422517 | 422070 | 422075 | 422110 | 422115 | 422150 | 422155 | 422190 | 422195 |
|  | 70kA |  | 70kA |  | 70kA |  | 70kA |  | 70kA |  |
| $\mathrm{In}_{\mathrm{n}}(\mathrm{A})$ | 3P | 4P | 3P | 4P | 3 P | 4P | 3P | 4P | 3P | 4P |
| 250 | 422518 | 422523 | 422076 | 422081 | 422116 | 422121 | 422156 | 422161 | 422196 | 422201 |
| 320 | 422519 | 422524 | 422077 | 422082 | 422117 | 422122 | 422157 | 422162 | 422197 | 422202 |
| 400 | 422520 | 422525 | 422078 | 422083 | 422118 | 422123 | 422158 | 422163 | 422198 | 422203 |
| 500 | 422521 | 422526 | 422079 | 422084 | 422119 | 422124 | 422159 | 422164 | 422199 | 422204 |
| 630 | 422522 | 422527 | 422080 | 422085 | 422120 | 422125 | 422160 | 422165 | 422200 | 422205 |
|  | 100kA |  | 100kA |  | 00kA |  | 100k |  | 100kA |  |
| $\mathrm{In}^{\text {( }}$ A $)$ | 3P | 4P | 3P | 4P | 3P | 4P | 3P | 4P | 3P | 4P |
| 250 | 422528 | 422533 | 422086 | 422091 | 422126 | 422131 | 422166 | 422171 | 422206 | 422211 |
| 320 | 422529 | 422534 | 422087 | 422092 | 422127 | 422132 | 422167 | 422172 | 422207 | 422212 |
| 400 | 422530 | 422535 | 422088 | 422093 | 422128 | 422133 | 422168 | 422173 | 422208 | 422213 |
| 500 | 422531 | 422536 | 422089 | 422094 | 422129 | 422134 | 422169 | 422174 | 422209 | 422214 |
| 630 | 422532 | 422537 | 422090 | 422095 | 422130 | 422135 | 422170 | 422175 | 422210 | 422215 |

## 3. DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

### 3.1 Dimensions

Implantation


Fixed version, with front terminals


Reference(s) :
from 422056 to 4220 95;
from 422096 to 4221 35;
from 422136 to 4221 75;
from 422176 to 4222 15;
from 422498 to 4225 37;

Plug-in version, with cage terminals


Plug-in version, without front terminals


Draw-out version, flat rear terminals


Draw-out version with sliding auxiliary contacts


Motor operator for synchronized operations (energy storage type)


Motor operator for general purpose operations (direct action type)

3.2 Weights

| Configuration |  | Weights (Kg) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3P |  | 4P |  |
|  | $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{n}} \leq 400 \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{n}} \geq 500 \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{n}} \leq 400 \mathrm{~A}$ | $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{n}} \geq 500 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |
| Circuit breaker (fixed version) | 5.80 | 6.20 | 7.30 | 7.80 |  |
| Plug-in (with front terminals)* | 3.35 | 3.35 | 4.29 | 4.29 |  |
| Plug-in (with rear terminals)* | 3.55 | 3.55 | 4.79 | 4.79 |  |
| Draw-out * | 2.3 | 2.3 | 5.5 | 5.5 |  |
| * to add to fixed version |  |  |  |  |  |

4. OVERVIEW
4.1 Supplied with:

- fixing screws (4 for 3P and 4P)
- $\quad$ screws for connections (6 for 3P and 8 for 4P)
- $\quad$ phase insulators (2 for 3 P and 3 for 4 P )


## 5. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

### 5.1 Mounting possibilities

On plate:

- Vertical
- Horizontal
- Supply invertor type


### 5.2 Mounting

(see instruction sheet for detailed mounting procedures)


Busbars/cable lugs:


Cables.

6. ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Circuit breaker

| Circuit Breaker | $\mathrm{DPX}^{3} 630 \mathrm{~F} / \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{L}$ $(36 \mathrm{kA}, 50 \mathrm{kA}, 70 \mathrm{kA}, 100 \mathrm{kA})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rated current (A) | 250, 320, 400, 500, 630 |
| Poles | 3-4 |
| Pole pitch (mm) | 42 |
| Rated insulation voltage ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) $\mathrm{U}_{1}(\mathrm{~V})$ | 800 |
| Rated operating voltage ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) $\mathrm{U}_{8}(\mathrm{~V})$ | 690 |
| Rated impulse withstand current $\mathrm{U}_{\text {imp }}$ | 8 |
| Rated frequency (Hz) | 50-60 |
| Operating temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | -25 - 70 |
| Mechanical endurance (cycles) | 20000 |
| Mechanical endurance with motor control | 10000 |
| Electrical endurance at $I_{\mathrm{n}}$ (cycles) | 4000 |
| Electrical endurance at $0.5 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ (cycles) | 8000 |
| Utilization category | $\mathrm{B}\left(\mathrm{I}_{n} \leq 400 \mathrm{~A}\right) ; \mathrm{A}\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}} \geq 500 \mathrm{~A}\right)$ |
| Suitable for isolation | Yes |
| Type of protection | Electronic |
| Electronic trip S1 | Yes |
| Electronic trip S2 | Yes |
| Electronic trip Sg | Yes |
| Thermal adjustment $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | $(0.4 \div 1) \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |
| Magnetic adjustment $\mathrm{I}_{\text {sd }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $(1.5 \div 10) \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}}$ |
| Neutral protection for $4 \mathrm{P}\left(\left.\%\right\|_{\text {th }}\right.$ of phase pole) | 0-50-100-150-200 |
| Dimensions (W $\times$ H x D) (mm) | $140 \times 260 \times 105$ (3P) |
|  | $183 \times 260 \times 105$ (4P) |
| Maximum weight for fixed version (kg) | 6.20 (3P) |
|  | 7.80 (4P) |

Together with above protections, activated in case of electric faults, the trip unit also integrates self-protection for:

- Over temperature : in case the internal temperature of protection unit exceed $95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$;
- Auto diagnostics: in case embedded watchdog circuit detects internal malfunctions, which could compromise the correct working of microcontroller.

General remarks on protection unit
The protection units $\mathrm{S} 1 / \mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg}$ are normally supplied by the internal current transformers (CTs).
When the current flowing through the circuit breaker is greater than $12 \%$ of the maximum power ( $20 \%$ of $\operatorname{In}$ for single phase load), the internal current supply ensures all operation of the protection unit, included LED status, display indications(*) and diagnostic functions (e.g. trip test).
(*)Display backlight and integrated measure (if available) are instead guaranteed starting from $20 \%$ of the maximum power ( $35 \%$ of $\ln$ for single phase load), in absence of any other supply. In any case the external power supply is strongly recommended for the correct working of measurement, as well as RS485 communication.
To ensure the same performance when the load is less than $12 \%$ of the maximum power ( $20 \%$ of In for single phase load) to grant complete functions, one of the following optional power supplies can be used:

- (*)external Auxiliary power supplier or, alternatively, Modbus communication interface.
- (*)power supply temporarily connected to frontal USB socket, connected to a 5V DC power bank or PC.
- (**)power supply temporarily connected to frontal Service port, connected to specific adapter for PC (Legrand use only)


## (*) available only for S2/Sg versions

(**) available only for S1 versions

In the electronic unit protection type $\mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg}$, an energy metering central unit, if available, is integrated.
The possible parameters that can be measured are listed in the following table:

| Measured | UNIT | DESCRIPTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{1}$ | A | L1 realtime measured value |
| $\mathrm{I}_{2}$ | A | L2 realtime measured value |
| $I_{3}$ | A | L3 realtime measured value |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}}(4 \mathrm{P})$ | A | $N$ realtime measured value |
| $\mathrm{I}_{6}$ | A | G realtime measured value |
| $\mathrm{U}_{12} \mathrm{U}_{23} \mathrm{U}_{31}$ (3P) | V | Phase to Phase Voltage |
| $\mathrm{V}_{12} \mathrm{~V}_{23} \mathrm{~V}_{31}$ (4P) | V | Voltage |
| Freq. | Hz | Frequency |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {Tot }}$ | kW | Active Power |
| $\mathrm{Q}_{\text {Tot }}$ | kvar | Reactive Power |
| PF |  | Power Factor |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{p}} \downarrow$ | kWh | Consumed active energy |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{p}} \uparrow$ | kWh | Returned active energy |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{q}} \downarrow$ | kvar h | Consumed reactive energy |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{q}} \uparrow$ | Kvar h | Returned reactive energy |
| $\mathrm{THDU}_{12} / \mathrm{THDU}_{23} / \mathrm{THDU}_{31}(3 \mathrm{P})$ | \% | Chained Voltage THD |
| $\mathrm{THDV}_{1 \mathrm{~N}} / \mathrm{THDV}_{2 N} / \mathrm{THDV}_{3 \mathrm{~N}}(4 \mathrm{P})$ | \% | Voltage THD |
| $\mathrm{THDI}_{1} / \mathrm{THDI}_{2} / \mathrm{THDI}_{3} / \mathrm{THDI}_{\mathrm{N}}$ | \% | Current THD |
| MEM | A $-{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Cause of the last intervention and it |

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from 422096 to 4221 35
from 422136 to 4221 75;
from 422176 to 4222 15;
from 422498 to 4225 37;

Function performance class according to IEC 61557-12

| Function symbol | Performance class | Measurement range |  |  |  |  | Other complementary characteristics |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | DPX ${ }^{3} 630 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\max } \mathrm{PMD}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |  | 250A | 320A | 400A | 500A | 630A | 250A | 320A | 400A | 500A | 630A |
| P | 2 | 0.3 kW | 0.3kW | 0.3 kW | 0.3 kW | 0.3kW | 300A | 380A | 480A | 600A | 750A |
|  |  | 360kW | 460kW | 580kW | 720kW | 900kW | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}=250 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}=400 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{n}}=50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $Q A, Q_{v}$ | 2 | 0.6kvar | 0.6kvar | 0.6kvar | 0.6kvar | 0.6kvar | 300A | 380A | 480A | 600A | 750A |
|  |  | 360kvar | 460kvar | 580kvar | 720 kvar | 900kvar | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}=250 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}=400 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{n}}=50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{E}_{\text {a }}$ | 2 | 0... $999 \mathrm{GW} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |  |  |  | 300A | 380A | 480A | 600A | 750A |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}=250 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}=400 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{n}}=50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |
| ErA, $\mathrm{E}_{\text {r }}$ | 2 | 0... $999 \mathrm{GW} / \mathrm{h}$ |  |  |  |  | 300A | 380A | 480A | 600A | 750 A |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}=250 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{U}_{n}=400 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}_{n}=50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |
| f | 0.02 | 50...60 Hz |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 12.5A | 12.5A | 12.5A | 12.5A | 12.5A | 300A | 380A | 480A | 600A | 750A |
|  |  | 300 A | 380A | 480A | 600A | 750A | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{b}}=250 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{U}_{n}=400 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}_{n}=50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $I_{N}$ | 2 | 12.5A | 12.5A | 12.5A | 12.5A | 12.5A | 300A | 380A | 480A | 600A | 750A |
|  |  | 300 A | 380A | 480A | 600A | 750A | $\mathrm{I}_{6}=250 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{U}_{n}=400 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{n}}=5 \mathrm{OHz}$ |  |  |  |  |
| U | 0.05 | 88...690V |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{FA}}$ | 0.05 | - |  |  |  |  | 300A | 380A | 480A | 600A | 750 A |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{I}_{6}=250 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{U}_{n}=400 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}_{n}=5 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |  |  |
| THDu | 5 | 110...690V |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| THD ${ }_{\text {i }}$ | 5 | 250A | 250A | 250A | 250A | 250A | - |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 250 A | 320 A | 400A | 500A | 630 A |  |  |  |  |  |

6.1 Main parts constituting the circuit breaker

6.2 Breaking capacity (kA)

|  |  | Breaking capacity (kA) \& $I_{\text {cs }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3P-4P |  |  |  |
| IEC 60947-2 | $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cu}}$ ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cu}}$ letter) | 36kA (F) | 50kA (N) | 70kA (H) | 100kA (L) |
|  | 220/240 V AC | 70 | 100 | 105 | 150 |
|  | 380/415 V AC | 36 | 50 | 70 | 100 |
|  | 440/460 V AC | 30 | 40 | 60 | 70 |
|  | 480/500 V AC | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
|  | 480/550 V AC | 20 | 22 | 25 | 28 |
|  | 600 V AC | 20 | 22 | 25 | 28 |
|  | 690V AC | 14 | 18 | 20 | 22 |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cs}}\left(\% \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cu}}\right)$ | 100 | 100 | 100 | 70 |
|  | Rated making capacity under short circuit $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cm}}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cm}}(\mathrm{kA})$ at 415V | 76.5 | 105 | 154 | 220 |
| NEMA AB-1 | 220/240 V AC | 70 | 100 | 105 | 150 |
|  | 480/500 V AC | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
|  | 690 V AC | 14 | 18 | 20 | 22 |

6.3 Rated current $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}\right)$ at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

|  | Phases limit trip current |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | thermal ( $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{r}}$ ) |  | magnetic ( $\left.\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{i}}\right)$ |  |
| $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{n}}(\mathbf{A})$ | $\mathbf{0 . 4 \times \mathbf { I } _ { \mathbf { n } }}$ | $\mathbf{1 \times \mathbf { I } _ { \mathbf { n } }}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 5 \times \mathbf { I } _ { \mathbf { r } }}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 \times \mathbf { I } _ { \mathbf { r } }}$ |
| 250 | 100 | 250 | 375 | 2500 |
| 320 | 128 | 320 | 480 | 3200 |
| 400 | 160 | 400 | 600 | 4000 |
| 500 | 200 | 500 | 750 | 5000 |
| 630 | 252 | 630 | 945 | 6300 |

* For neutral adjustment, as explained in technical sheet, please consider the values ratios $100 \%$ on set currents.


### 6.3 Load operations

| Force on handle | In $\mathbf{\leq 4 0 0 A}$ | In $\geq$ 500A |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Opening operation (N) | 80 | 130 |
| Closing operation (N) | 180 | 210 |
| Restore operation (N) | 145 | 200 |

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from 422096 to 4221 35;
from 422136 to 4221 75;
from 422176 to 4222 15;
from 422498 to 4225 37;

### 6.4 Electrodynamic forces

The table below shows an indication of suggested distances to keep between the breaker and the first fixing point of the conductor and bars in order to reduce the effects of the electrodynamic stresses that may be created during a short circuit. In the realization of anchorage system it is recommend the use of isolators suitable for the type of conductor used and the operating voltage

| $\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{c c}}(\mathbf{k A})$ | Maximum Distance (mm) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 36 | 350 |
| 50 | 300 |
| 70 | 250 |
| 100 | 200 |

According to conductor type and bar system (except Legrand bar kits), the choice of the distance to keep is to be calibrated by the installer. Also installer must take into account the weight of the conductors so that this does not affect the electrical junction between the conductor itself and the connection point.

### 6.5 Power losses per pole under In

|  | Power losses per pole (W) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}(\mathrm{A})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 250 |  | 320 |  | 400 |  | 500 |  | 630 |  |
|  | Phase | Neutral | Phase | Neutral | Phase | Neutral | Phase | Neutral | Phase | Neutral |
| Cage terminals | 7.5 | 7.5 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 22.1 | 22.1 | 35.0 | 35.0 |
| Lugs | 7.5 | 7.5 | 12.3 | 12.3 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 22.1 | 22.1 | 35.0 | 35.0 |
| External lugs | 8.2 | 8.2 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 21.1 | 21.1 | 25.1 | 25.1 | 39.8 | 39.8 |
| Spreaders | 9.0 | 9.0 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 22.9 | 22.9 | 26.7 | 26.7 | 42.3 | 42.3 |
| Rear terminals | 8.7 | 8.7 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 22.3 | 22.3 | 26.9 | 26.9 | 42.7 | 42.7 |
| Plugin version | 15.0 | 15.0 | 24.7 | 24.7 | 38.5 | 38.5 | 52.3 | 52.3 | 83.0 | 83.0 |
| Circuit breaker + RCD | 10.6 | 10.6 | 17.4 | 17.4 | 27.2 | 27.2 | 34.6 | 34.6 | 54.9 | 54.9 |

Note: power loss in the table above are referred and measured as described in the standard IEC 60947-2 (Annex G) for circuit-breakers. Values in the table are referred to a single phase.

### 6.6 DERATINGS

### 6.6.1 Temperature

Rated current and his adjustment has to be considered relating to a rise or fall of ambient temperature and to a different version or installation conditions. The table below indicates the maximum long-time (LT) protection setting depending on the ambient temperature.

|  | Temperature $\mathrm{Ta}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}(\mathrm{A})$ | up to 50 | 60 | 70 |
| 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 |
| 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 |
| 400 | 400 | 360 | 340 |
| 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| 630 | 630 | 567 | 536 |

For derating temperature with other configurations, see table A.

### 6.6.2 Specific condition use

## Climatic conditions

according to IEC/EN 60947-1 Annex Q, Cat. F subject to temperature, humidity, vibration, shock and salt mist.

Electromagnetic disturbances (EMC)
for DPX 330 circuit breakers, according to IEC/EN 60947-2 Annex F

## Pollution degree

for DPX ${ }^{3} 630$ circuit breakers, degree 3, according to IEC/EN 60947-2

### 6.6.3 Altitude

Altitude derating for $\mathrm{DPX}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{DPX}^{3}-1$

| Altitude (m) | $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 0 0}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}(\mathrm{V})$ | 690 | 590 | 520 | 460 |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}(\mathrm{A})\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{a}}=\mathbf{4 0 ^ { \circ }} \mathrm{C} / 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $1 \times \mathrm{I}_{n}$ | $0.98 \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $0.93 \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $0.9 \times \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |

## 7. CONFORMITY

DPX $^{3}$ range of product concerning circuit-breakers and switchdisconnectors exceed compliance with the IEC/EN standard 60947-2 and 60947-3 respectively. Certification available by IECEE CB-scheme or LOVAG Compliance scheme.
Marks as CCC (China), EAC (Eurasian Federation) or different local certification are available.
DMX ${ }^{3}$ are in conformity with the Lloyds Shipping Register, RINA and Bureau Veritas Marine.

DMX ${ }^{3}$ respect the European Directives REACh, RoHS, RAEE and Product Environment Product (PEP Ecopassport) are available.

For specific information, please contact Legrand support.

### 7.1 Marking

Product (borh circuit breakers anc switch disconnectors) are provided with labelling in full conformity to the referred standard and directives requirements by laser or sticker labels as:

Product laser label on front
-Manufacturer responsible
-Denomination, type product, code -Standard conformity
-Standard characteristics declared
-coloured identification of $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cu}}$ at 415 V


Knobs version (S1 type)


Display version (S2/Sg type)


## Product sticker label on side

-Manufacturer responsible
-Denomination and type product
-Standard conformity
-Mark/Licence (if any)
-Directive requirements
-bar code identification product
-Manufacturing Country


Mark sticker label on side
-Product code
-Mark/Licence (if any)
-Country deviation, if any

## Packaging sticker label

-Manufacturer responsible
-Denomination and type product
-Standard conformity
-Mark/Licence (if any)
-Directive requirements
-bar code identification product

1 DPX ${ }^{3}$
422155

- Disioncteur
- MCCB
- Автоматичесский выккл - Автоматиесккй вык $\operatorname{In}=630 \mathrm{~A} 4 \mathrm{IP}$ ICU 50
IECIEN $60947-2$




## 8. EQUIPMENTS AND ACCESSORIES

### 8.1 Earth leakage modules

| Earth leakage characteristics for DPX ${ }^{3} 630$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Standard | with Led |
| Type | A - S | A - S |
| Uninterrupted nominal current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{u}}(\mathrm{A})$ | up to 630 | up to 630 |
| Rated isolated voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{i}}(\mathrm{V}$ AC) | 500 | 500 |
| Rated operating voltage $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}(\mathrm{VAC})(50-60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ | 500 | 500 |
| Operating voltage (V AC) ( $50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | $230 \div 500$ | $110 \div 500$ |
| Nominal frequency (Hz) | 50-60 | 50-60 |
| Operating temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $-25 \div 70$ | $-25 \div 70$ |
| Trip | electronic | electronic |
| Earth leakage time adjustments (s) | 0-0.3-1-3 | 0-0.3-1-3 |
| Earth leakage breaking capacity $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{dm}}\left(\% \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cu}}\right)$ | 60 | 60 |
| Earth leakage protection adjustments $\mathrm{I}_{\Delta n}(\mathrm{~A})$ | $0.03 \div 3$ | $0.03 \div 3$ |
| Side-by-side mounting | no | no |
| Underneath mounting | yes | yes |
| 50\% Earth fault detection contact $I_{\text {dn }}$ | no | yes |
| Clip on rail DIN 35 | no | no |
| Dimensions (W $\times \mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{D}$ ) (mm) for 4P | $183 \times 152 \times 105$ | $183 \times 152 \times 106$ |

(Power losses, see par. 5.4)
Standard
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}=400 \mathrm{~A} \quad 3$
ref. 026060 ref. 026061 ref. 026064
ref. 026065
ref. 026063
ref. 026067

### 8.2 Releases (for DPX 330 / DPX ${ }^{3}$ 1600)

- shunt releases with voltage:

24 Vac and dc
ref. 422239
48 Vac and dc
$110 \div 130 \mathrm{Vac}$ and dc
ref. 422240
ref. 422241
ref. 422242
ref. 422243

Reference(s) :
from 422056 to 4220 95;
from 422096 to 4221 35;
from 422136 to 4221 75;
from 422176 to 4222 15;
from 422498 to 4225 37;

- time-lag undervoltage releases ( 800 ms )

Time-lag modules with voltage:
230 V ac
ref. 026190
400 V ac ref. 026191

Universal Release
ref. 422623
(to be equipped with a time-lag module 0261 90/91)

### 8.3 Auxiliary contacts (for DPX ${ }^{3} 630$ / DPX ${ }^{3}$ 1600)

Changeover switch 3A - 250 VAC
ref. 421011
To show the state of the contacts or opening of the $\mathrm{DPX}^{3} / \mathrm{DPX}^{3}-\mathrm{I}$ on a fault:

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\circ & \text { Auxiliary contact (standard) } & \text { OC } \\
\circ & \text { Fault signal } & \text { CTR }
\end{array}
$$

| Auxiliary contact electrica characteristics |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{n}}$ ) | V (ac or dc) | 24 to 250 |
| Intensity (A) | 24 V dc | 5 |
|  | 48 V dc | 1.7 |
|  | 110 V dc | 0.5 |
|  | 230 V dc | 0.25 |
|  | 110 V ac | 4 |
|  | 230/250 V ac | 3 |

Configurations:
$\mathrm{DPX}^{3} 630 \rightarrow 2$ auxiliary contacts +1 fault signal +1 release


To get more information on auxiliary mounting procedures, please refer to product instruction sheet.

### 8.4 Universal keylocks

These keylocks must be used for all the accessories that can be locked:

- rotary handle
- motor operator
- plug-in mechanism
- draw-out mechanism

For each of these, a specific accessory (indicated in the specific section of this datasheet) must be added in order to get the complete locking kits for the specific application.

- 1 lock +1 flat key with random mapping
ref. 423880
- 1 lock +1 flat key with fixed mapping (EL43525)
- 1 lock +1 flat key with fixed mapping (EL43363)
- 1 lock +1 star key with random mapping


### 8.4 Rotary handles

Direct on DPX ${ }^{3}$ (with auxiliary option)

- Standard (black)
ref. 026241
- For emergency use (red / yellow) adapting on standard handle ref. 422238

Vari-depth handle IP55 (with auxiliary option)

- Standard (black)
ref. 026281
- For emergency use (red / yellow) adapting on standard handle
ref. 026282

Locking accessories (for vary-depth handle with auxiliary option)

- Key lock accessory for vari-depth rotary handle
ref. 422807

Ref. 423807 must be used with universal keylocks to get the complete locking kit for rotary handle

Locking accessories (for direct handle)

- Key barrel and flat key
ref. 026225
Direct on DPX3 (no auxiliary option and door defeat function)
- Standard (black)
ref. 420162
- For emergency use (red / yellow) adapting on standard handle
ref. 420165

Vari-depth handle IP55 (no auxiliary option and door defeat function)

- Standard (black)
ref. 420163
- For emergency use (red / yellow) adapting on standard handle
ref. 420176


### 8.5 Motor operators (front operated)

For general purpose operations (direct action type):

- 230 V ac
ref. 422630

For synchronized operations (energy storage type).

- 24 V ac and dc
ref. 026140
- 48 V ac and dc
ref. 026141
- 230 V ac
ref. 026142

|  | LG-422630 |  | LG-0261 40-41-44 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Directdrive |  | Energy storage |  |
| Rated operating voltage ( $U_{C}$ ) $-A C$ | 230 V AC $50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | 24-48-230 |  |
| Rated operating voltage ( $U_{C}$ ) $-D C$ | 230 V AC 50-60 Hz |  | 24-48-230 |  |
| Voltage range (\%UC) | 85:110 |  | 85:110 |  |
|  | Opening | Closing | Opening | Closing |
| Pick-up consumption (W/VA) | 240 | 200 | 300 | 300 |
| Hold consumption (W/A) | 80 | 120 | 300 | 300 |
| Operating time / complete electric operation (ms) | 450 | 550 | 2000 | 100 |
| Operating time / main contacts change position (ms) | 270 | 550 | n/a | n/a |
| Mechanical endurance ( $0-\mathrm{Ccycles}$ ) $@_{n}=630 \mathrm{~A}$ | 10000 |  | n/a |  |
| Electrical endurance ( $0-\mathrm{C}$ cycles) $@_{n}=630 \mathrm{~A}$ | 4000 |  | 4000 |  |
| Cycles / minutes |  | tomatic <br> perations <br> ow | 10 | 4 |

Locking accessories

- Key lock accessory for motor operator
ref. 422806
Ref. 422806 must be used with universal keylocks to get the complete locking kit for motor operator


### 8.6 Mechanical accessories

- Padlock (for locking in "OPEN" position)
ref. 026240
- Insulated shields (phase insulators) ref. 026230
- Sealable terminal shields:

| $\circ$ | Set of 2 (for 3P) |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\circ$ | Set of 3 (for 4P) 026244 |

- Terminal covers to guarantee IP20:

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\circ & \text { Set of 2 (for 3P) } & \text { ref. } 026234 \\
\circ & \text { Set of } 3 \text { (for 4P) } & \text { ref. } 026235
\end{array}
$$

### 8.7 Connection accessories

## Cage terminals

- Set of 4 terminals for cables $300 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \max$ (rigid) ref. 026250 or $240 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ max (flexible) $\mathrm{Cu} / \mathrm{Al}$
- Set of 4 high-capacity terminals for cables
ref. 026251
$2 \times 240 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ max (rigid) or $2 \times 185 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \mathrm{max}$ (flexible) $\mathrm{Cu} / \mathrm{Al}$


## Extended front terminals

- Set of 4
ref. 026247
Spreaders (incoming or outcoming):
- $\quad$ Set of 2 (for 3P)
ref. 026248
- $\quad$ Set of 3 (for 4P) ref. 026249

Rear terminals (incoming or outcoming):
(used to convert the fixed version with front terminals into the fixed version with rear terminals)

- for 3P
ref. 026352
- for 4 P ref. 026353


## Adaptor for lug

(for connecting bare cables with lugs)

- $\quad$ Set of 4 adaptors + insulated shields
ref. 026246


### 8.8 Plug-in version

(A plug-in is a DPX ${ }^{3}$ fitted with special terminals and mounted on a plugin base)

## Special terminals for plug-in / draw-out base

(for incoming and outcoming terminals)

- Set of 6 terminals (3P) ref. 422220
- Set of 8 terminals (4P) ref. 422221


## Bases

(accept DPX³/DPX³-/ fitted with special terminals)

- Front terminal mounting base for 3 P
ref. 422222
- Front terminal mounting base for 4 P
ref. 422223
- Flat rear terminal mounting base for 3P
ref. 422224
- Flat rear terminal mounting base for 4P
ref. 422225


## Bases for breakers with mounted earth leakage module

- Front terminal mounting base for 4 P
ref. 422226
- Flat rear terminal mounting base for 4P
ref. 422227


## Accessories

- Set of 2 extractor handle
ref. 422228
- Set of connectors (24-pin)
ref. 422229


### 8.9 Draw-out version

(A DPX ${ }^{3}$ draw-out version is a plug-in DPX ${ }^{3}$ fitted with a "Debro-lift" mechanism which can be used to withdraw the DPX ${ }^{3}$ while keeping it on its base)
"Debro-lift" mechanism
(supplied with a rigid slide and handle for drawing-out)

- For base only (3P) ref. 422231
$\bullet$ For base only (4P) ref. 422232
- For base with earth leakage module (4P) ref. 422233

Keylock for "Debro-lift" mechanism

- One key for DPX³ only
(enable locking in draw - out position)
- Key lock accessory for draw-out
(frontal masks for motor operator or rotary handle) ref. 422808
- Key lock accessory for draw-out

Ref. 422808 and 422810 must be used with universal keylocks to get the complete locking kit for draw-out version

## Accessories for "Debro-lift" mechanism

- Signalling contact (plugged-in / draw-out)
ref. 026574
- Handle for drawing - out
ref. 026575


## Auxiliary contacts

- Automatic auxiliary contacts for draw-out version ref. 422230 (up to 2 contacts by DPX³)

Plate for transfer switches (factory assembled)
(A transfer switch plate is composed of one plate with interlock for 2 devices)

- Plate for breaker or trip-free switch fixed version
ref. 026409
- Plate for breaker or trip-free switch plug-in and draw-out version


### 8.10 Specific accessories for electronic version

## Auxiliary power supply

- For supplying electronic units
ref. 421083
Is used to supply DPX ${ }^{3}$ electronic circuit breakers $\mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg}$ with / without earth leakage module and with / without energy metering central unit. It is mandatory in case of electronic breakers with integrated measure and not interconnected in a supervision system (MODBUS network not requested) to correctly manage the measure functions

Technical characteristics:

- Input voltage: 24 V ad/dc (+/-10\%)
- Enclosure: 2 DIN modules
- Output: up to 250 mA (to supply many circuit breakers according to the following table):

| $\mathbf{4 2 1 0 8 3}$ | DPX $^{\mathbf{3}} \mathbf{2 5 0 / 6 3 0 / 1 6 0 0}$ | $[\mathrm{mA}]$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| out MAX = 250 mA | Electronic $(\mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg})$ | 50 |
|  | Electronic with power metering $(\mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg})$ | 62.5 |
|  | Electronic with residual current protection $(\mathrm{S} 2)$ | 50 |
|  | Electronic with residual current protection and power metering (S2) | 62.5 |

According to single absorptions, it can be possible to connect more than one breaker

## MODBUS communication

- RS485 MODBUS communication interface
ref. 421075
Is used for sharing on MODBUS network all information managed by DPX $^{3}$ electronic circuit breakers $\mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg}$ with / without earth leakage module and with / without energy metering central unit.

Technical characteristics:

- USB local PC connection
- Input voltage: 24 V ad/dc (+/- 10\%)
- Enclosure: 1 DIN modules
- MODBUS address configuration / transmission mode / transmission speed by physic configurators
- Output relay ( $220 \mathrm{~V}-0,2 \mathrm{~A}$ ): to signal tripped position


## Consumption: 90 mA

It is possible to connect only one breaker to the interface.

In case of use of MODBUS interface 4210 75, the external power supply module 421083 is not necessary because the external power is already provided by the MODBUS module

## Web server

- For remote viewing of values collected on electricity meters and multi-function measuring units

32 metering points
ref. 026178
Unlimited metering points
ref. 026179

## Software

- To display values collected on electricity meters and multifunction measuring units on a PC connected to the network

| 32 metering points | ref. 026188 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Unlimited metering points | ref. 026189 |

## Touch screen

- To show data collected by $\mathrm{DX}^{3}, \mathrm{DPX}^{3}, \mathrm{DMX}^{3}, \mathrm{EMDX}^{3}$. It can manage up to 8 devices ref. 026156


## 9. CURVES

Update: 02/07/2018
9.1.1 Tripping curve (for S1 version) [ 1/3]


| Value | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| t | time |
| 1 | current |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time setting current |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time delay |
| Isd | short time setting current |
| tsd | short time delay |
| li | instantaneous release |
| Icu | rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity |
| $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant pass-through energy setting |
| $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant tripping time setting |
| -------------- | long time trip curve |
| ------------ | short time trip curve |
| Current tolerance | $10 \%$ up to $I_{\text {sd }} ; 20 \%$ up to $I_{i}$ |

### 9.1.2 Tripping curve (for S1 version)



$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cu}}=36-50-70-100 \mathrm{kA} \quad \mathrm{I}_{\max }=630 \mathrm{~A} \quad 3-4 \mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}=415 \mathrm{Vac} \quad$ (IEC/EN 60947-2)

| Value | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| t | time |
| I | current |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time setting current |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time delay |
| Isd | short time setting current |
| tsd | short time delay |
| Ii | instantaneous release |
| Icu | rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity |
| $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant pass-through energy setting |
| $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant tripping time setting |
| ------------ | long time trip curve |
| $-----\quad$ short time trip curve |  |
| Current tolerance | $10 \%$ up to $\mathrm{I}_{\text {sd }} ; 20 \%$ up to $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |

### 9.1.3 Tripping curve (for S1 version) [ 3/3]



$I_{\mathrm{cu}}=36-50-70-100 \mathrm{kA} \quad \mathrm{I}_{\max }=630 \mathrm{~A} \quad 3-4 \mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}=415 \mathrm{Vac} \quad$ (IEC/EN 60947-2)

| Value |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| t | time |
| I | current |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time setting current |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time delay |
| Isd | short time setting current |
| tsd | short time delay |
| Ii | instantaneous release |
| Icu | rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity |
| $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant pass-through energy setting |
| $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant tripping time setting |
| ----------- | short time trip curve |
| Current tolerance | 10\% up to $\mathrm{I}_{\text {sd }}$ 20\% up to $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |

9.2.1 Tripping curve (for $\mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg}$ version), $\mathrm{tr}=3 \div 15 \mathrm{~s} \quad[1 / 5]$

$1 / I_{r}$ $I_{c u}=36-50-70-100 \mathrm{kA} \quad \mathrm{I}_{\max }=630 \mathrm{~A} \quad 3-4 \mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}=415 \mathrm{Vac} \quad$ (IEC/EN 60947-2)

| Value | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| t | time |
| 1 | current |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time setting current |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time delay |
| Isd | short time setting current |
| tsd | short time delay |
| Ii | instantaneous release |
| Icu | rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity |
| $1^{2} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant pass-through energy setting |
| $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant tripping time setting |
|  | long time trip curve |
| ------------ | short time trip curve |
| Current tolerance | 10\% up to $\mathrm{I}_{\text {sd }} ; 20 \%$ up to $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |

9.2.2 Tripping curve (for $\mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg}$ version), $\mathrm{tr}=20 \mathrm{~s}$ [2/5]


| Value | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| t | time |
| I | current |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time setting current |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time delay |
| Isd | short time setting current |
| tsd | short time delay |
| Ii | instantaneous release |
| Icu | rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity |
| $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant pass-through energy setting |
| $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant tripping time setting |
| ----------- | Iong time trip curve |
| Current tolerance | 10\% up to $\mathrm{I}_{\text {sdip }}$ 20\% up to $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |

9.2.3 Tripping curve (for $\mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg}$ version), $\mathrm{tr}=25 \div 30 \mathrm{~s} \quad[3 / 5]$

> Update: 02/07/2018



9.2.4 Tripping curve (for $\mathrm{S} 2 / \mathrm{Sg}$ version) [4/5]


| Value |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| t | time |
| I | current |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | Iong time setting current |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time delay |
| Isd | short time setting current |
| tsd | short time delay |
| Ii | instantaneous release |
| Icu | rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity |
| $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant pass-through energy setting |
| $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant tripping time setting |
| ----------- | long time trip curve |
| current tolerance | 10\% up to $\mathrm{I}_{\text {sd }} ; 20 \%$ up to $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |

### 9.2.5 Tripping curve (for S2/Sg version) [ 5/5]


$10^{3}$


$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cu}}=36-50-70-100 \mathrm{kA} \quad \mathrm{I}_{\max }=630 \mathrm{~A} \quad 3-4 \mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}=415 \mathrm{Vac} \quad$ (IEC/EN 60947-2)

| Value |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| t | time |
| I | current |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time setting current |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ | long time delay |
| Isd | short time setting current |
| tsd | short time delay |
| Ii | instantaneous release |
| Icu | rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity |
| $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant pass-through energy setting |
| $\mathrm{t}=\mathrm{K}$ | constant tripping time setting |
| ----------- | long time trip curve |
| Current tolerance | 10\% up to $\mathrm{I}_{\text {sd }} ; 20 \%$ up to $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{i}}$ |

9.3 Pass-through specific energy characteristic curve

Update: 03/07/2018


| Value | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ | short circuit current |
| $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}\left(\mathrm{A}^{2} \mathrm{~s}\right)$ | pass-through specific energy |

9.4 Cut-off peak current characteristic curve (kA)

Update: 02/07/2018

$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cu}}=36-50-70-100 \mathrm{kA} \quad \mathrm{I}_{\max }=630 \mathrm{~A} \quad 3-4 \mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{e}}=415 \mathrm{Vac}$ (IEC/EN 60947-2)

| Value | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{cc}}$ | estimated short circuit symmetrical current (RMS value) |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{p}}$ | maximum short circuit peak current |
|  | maximum prospective short circuit peak current <br> corresponding at the power factor |
|  | maximum real peak short circuit current |

## A) Derating Temperature and configurations

|  |  | Ambient temperature |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Fixed version |  | $I_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |
|  | Cage terminals, flexible cable | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 599 | 0.95 | 567 | 0.9 |
|  | Lugs, flexible cable | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 567 | 0.9 | 536 | 0.85 |
|  | Lugs, rigid cable | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 599 | 0.95 | 567 | 0.9 |
|  | Spreaders, flexible cable | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 |
|  | Rear flat staggered terminals, flexible cable | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 567 | 0.9 | 536 | 0.85 |
|  | Cage terminals, flexible cable + RCD | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.9 | 473 | 0.75 |
|  | Lugs, flexible cable + RCD | 599 | 0.95 | 599 | 0.95 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 | 473 | 0.75 |
|  | Lugs, rigid cable + RCD | 630 | 1 | 599 | 0.95 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 | 473 | 0.75 |
|  | Staggered spreaders, flexible cable + RCD | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 | 473 | 0.75 |
|  | Rear flat staggered terminals, flexible cable + RCD | 630 | 1 | 630 | 1 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 | 473 | 0.75 |
| Draw-out version |  | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {max }}(\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{r}} / \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |
|  | Cage terminals, flexible cable | 599 | 0.95 | 567 | 0.9 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 |
|  | Cage terminals, rigid cable | 599 | 0.95 | 567 | 0.9 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 |
|  | Rear flat terminals, flexible cable | 599 | 0.95 | 567 | 0.9 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 |
|  | Rear flat terminals, rigid cable | 599 | 0.95 | 567 | 0.9 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 |
|  | Rear flat terminals, Cu bars, vertical | 599 | 0.95 | 567 | 0.9 | 536 | 0.85 | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 |
|  | Cage terminals, flexible cable + RCD | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 | 410 | 0.65 | 378 | 0.6 | 347 | 0.5 |
|  | Cage terminals, rigid cable + RCD | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 | 410 | 0.65 | 378 | 0.6 | 347 | 0.5 |
|  | Rear flat terminals, flexible cable + RCD | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 | 410 | 0.65 | 378 | 0.6 | 347 | 0.5 |
|  | Rear flat terminals, rigid cable | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 | 410 | 0.65 | 378 | 0.6 | 347 | 0.5 |
|  | Rear flat terminals, Cu bars, vertical + RCD | 504 | 0.8 | 441 | 0.7 | 410 | 0.65 | 378 | 0.6 | 347 | 0.5 |

## For further technical information, please contact Legrand technical support.

Data indicated in this document refers exclusively to test conditions according to product standards, unless otherwise indicated in the documentation.
For the different conditions of use of the product, inside electrical equipment or in any case inserted in the installation context, refer to the regulatory requirements of the equipment, local regulations and design specifications of the system.

